

OCTOBER 2011

P/ID 4415/PGEF

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Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

SECTION A — (10 × 2 = 20 marks)

Answer ALL questions not exceeding 50 words each.

All questions carry equal marks.

Define/ Explain the following :

1. Census data.
2. Age pyramid.
3. Death rate.
4. Urban growth.
5. Renewable resource.
6. Dispersed settlement.
7. CBD.
8. Centre place.
9. Neighbourhood.
10. Sparse settlement.

SECTION B — (5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Answer ALL questions not exceeding 250 words each.

All questions carry equal marks.

11. (a) Explain the role of sociology in population studies.

Or

- (b) How water resource influence the population distribution?

12. (a) Illustrate the pattern of stable population growth.

Or

- (b) Describe the changes in social structure of urban population.

13. (a) Describe the major problems of agricultural labourers.

Or

- (b) Bringout the major types of rural landuses.

14. (a) Describe the nature of market town.

Or

- (b) Briefly explain the sphere of influence of a market centre with suitable illustration.

15. (a) Account on the role of small towns in Indian rural area.

Or

- (b) Distinguish between town and city in India. Give examples.

SECTION C — (5 × 10 = 50 marks)

Answer ALL questions not exceeding 500 words each.

All questions carry equal marks.

16. (a) Write an essay on the scope of population studies.

Or

- (b) Examine the impact of population structure and composition on the economy of a nation.

17. (a) State the theory of demographic transition and explain.

Or

- (b) Explain the process of world urbanization and its implications.

18. (a) Examine the relationships among the man and land resources.

Or

- (b) Account on the locational factors determining the pattern of rural settlements.

19. (a) Give an elaborate account on growth pole theories.

Or

- (b) Write an essay on Landuse theory of Isard.

20. (a) Write an essay on India's urbanisation since Independence.

Or

- (b) Account on the cultural realm of middle East.
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