

(6 pages)

OCTOBER 2012

**P/ID 37456/PMAG**

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Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

PART A — (10 × 2 = 20 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

1. Define a workless constraints and give an example.
2. Write down the Lagrangian form of d'Alembert's principle.
3. Define ignorable co-ordinates.
4. Define Routhian function.
5. Write down the modified Hamilton-Jacobi equation.
6. State Multiplier rule.
7. Define canonical transformation.
8. Define Poisson bracket.

9. State Einstein's principle of relativity.
10. Define the relativistic Doppler effect.

PART B — (5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

11. (a) Explain holonomic and non-holonomic constraints.

Or

- (b) A particle of mass  $m$  is suspended by a massless wire of length  $r = a + b \cos \omega t$  ( $a > b > 0$ ) to form a spherical pendulum. Find the equations of motion.

12. (a) Show that the kinetic energy of a scleronomic system is a homogenous quadratic function of  $\dot{q}$ 's.

Or

- (b) State Kepler's problem and derive the appropriate equations of motion from the Lagrangian.

13. (a) Derive the Hamilton's canonical equations of motion.

Or

- (b) Analyse the Kepler problem with regard to Hamilton-Jacobi method.

14. (a) Consider the transformation  $Q = \frac{1}{2}(q^2 + p^2)$ ,

$$P = -\tan^{-1} \frac{q}{p}.$$

Show that this transformation is canonical.

Or

- (b) Discuss homogeneous canonical transformations.

15. (a) Write a short note on longitudinal contraction.

Or

- (b) Discuss the momentum-energy four-vector.

PART C — (5 × 10 = 50 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

16. (a) State and prove Konig's theorem.

Or

- (b) Define angular momentum. Find the expressions for the angular momentum of a system of particles with respect to a fixed point with respect to the centre of mass.

17. (a) Find the equations of motion in the form  $\ddot{q}_i + f_i(q, \dot{q}, t) = 0$ ,  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$ .

Or

- (b) Show by means of an example that if a conservative holonomic system does not have a sufficient number of ignorable coordinates, the system will still be separable if it is an orthogonal system.

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18. (a) Discuss the brachistochrone problem.

Or

- (b) State and prove principle of least action.

19. (a) Consider the transformation

$$Q = q - tp + \frac{1}{2}gt^2; P = p - gt$$

Find  $K - H$  and the generating functions.

Or

- (b) Show that

$$[u, v] = -[v, u]; [u, u] = 0$$

$$[u, [v, w]] + [v, [w, u]] + [w, [u, v]] = 0.$$

Hence write down the canonical equations of Hamilton in terms of Poisson brackets.

20. (a) Discuss the invariant interval, proper time and proper distance.

Or

- (b) A particle moves relative to the frame  $I'$  with a velocity  $v'$  in a direction given by the angle  $\phi'$  measured from the positive  $x'$  axis. Find the amplitude and direction of this particle relative to the I frame.
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